

Algebra II		
pg 121		
2) $y = -x + 3$	22) $y = x - 5$	42) $y = 0$
4) $y = 4$	24) $y = -2$	44) $x = -4$
6) $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$	26) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$	46) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 1$
8) $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 6$	28) $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{7}{4}$	48) $y = 5x + 17$
10) $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 1$	30) $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{11}{16}$	50) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes / <input type="checkbox"/> No
12) $y = -\frac{5}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$	32) $y = x - 2$ $y = -x - 2$	52) <input type="checkbox"/> ND / <input type="checkbox"/> No
14) $y = x - 3$	34) $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$ $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$	54) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes / <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
16) $y = -\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$	36) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$ $y = 3x - 1$	
18) $y = -.8x + 1.4$	38) $x = -1$ $y = -2$	
20) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x$	40) $x = -2$	

8) $P(0,6)$ $m = -\frac{3}{2}$

$y = mx + b$
 $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + b$

28) $(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$ $(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2})$

$m = \frac{\frac{5}{2} - (-\frac{1}{2})}{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{-2}$

$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + b$

$6 = -\frac{3}{2}(0) + b$
 $6 = b$
 $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 6$

$-\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}) + b$
 $-\frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{4} + b$
 $\frac{7}{4} = b$ $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{7}{4}$

22) $(3, -2)$ $(2, -3)$

$m = \frac{-3 - (-2)}{2 - 3} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$

$y = 1x + b$
 $-3 = 1(2) + b$
 $-3 - 2 = 2 - 2 + b$
 $-5 = b$
 $y = x - 5$

30) $(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4})$ $(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$

$m = \frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{5}{4}}{-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{4}} = \frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{-1} = \frac{3}{4}$

$y = \frac{3}{4}x + b$
 $\frac{5}{4} = \frac{3}{4}(\frac{3}{4}) + b$
 $\frac{5}{4} = \frac{9}{16} + b$
 $\frac{20}{16} - \frac{9}{16} = b = \frac{11}{16}$
 $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{11}{16}$

34) $P(0,1)$ $L: 3x + 2y = 1$ $2y = -3x + 1$
 $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$

$\parallel m = -\frac{3}{2}$ $\perp m = \frac{2}{3}$

$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + b$
 $1 = -\frac{3}{2}(0) + b$
 $1 = b$
 $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 1$

$y = \frac{2}{3}x + b$
 $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$

38) $P(-1, -2)$ $L: x-3=0$
 $x=3$
 $m = \text{no slope}$

||
 $m = \text{no slope}$
 $x = -1$

⊥
 $m = 0$
 $y = -2$

40) $(-2, 3)$ $(-2, 6)$
 $m = \frac{6-3}{-2-(-2)} = \frac{3}{0} = \text{no slope}$
 $x = -2$

44) x-int $\{-4\}$
 \parallel to y-axis
 $x = -4$

50) $(-2, 3)$ $(1, 4)$ $(3, -1)$ $(0, -2)$

Yes,
 same slopes

No
 $\frac{1}{m}, -m$
 not
 opposite
 reciprocals